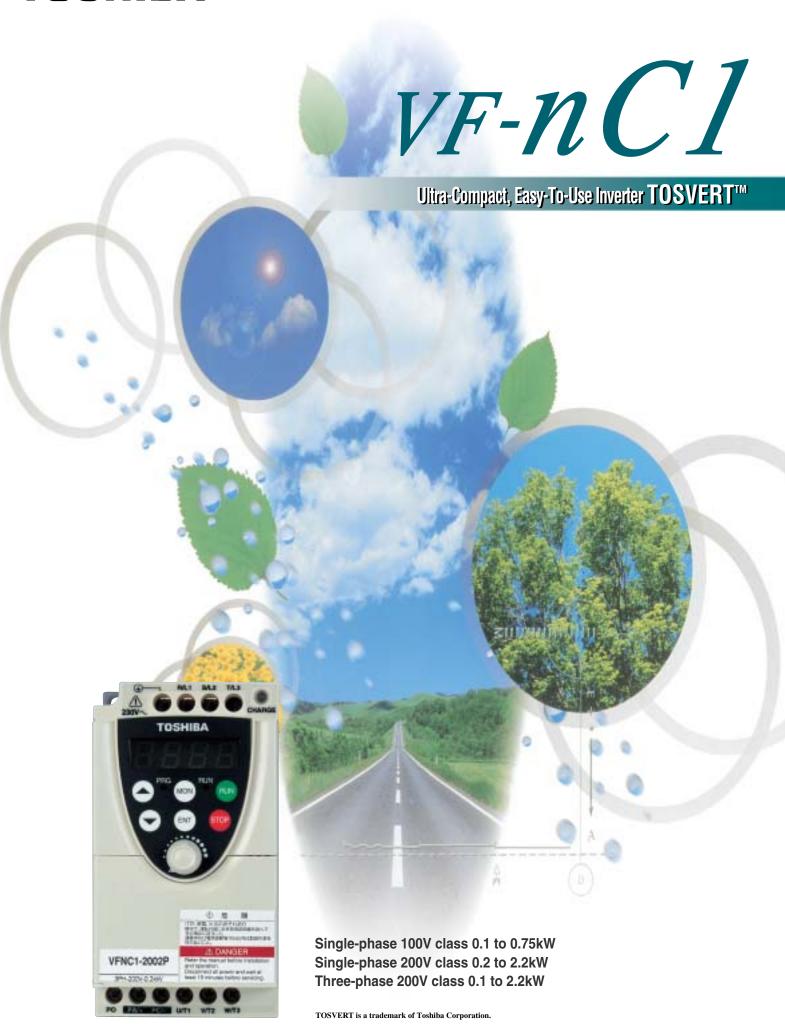
## **TOSHIBA**

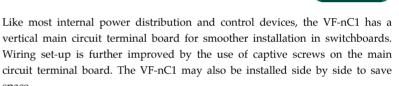


## **Compact, Easy-to-Use, Inverter for Small-Sized Machines!**

The wide range of functions of the VF-nC1 meets various users' needs, from simple speed control to steady torque at low speed. The vertical contact-type main circuit terminal board and captive screws also ensure easy wiring.



## **Easy to Wire and Install**





## Easy to Select (E



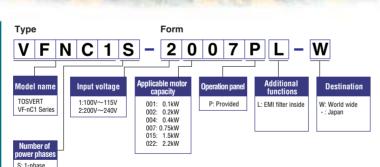






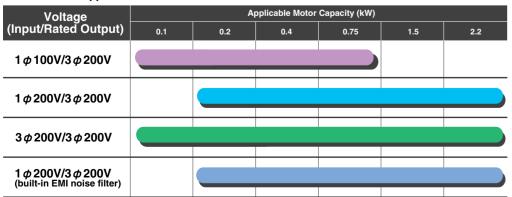
POINT

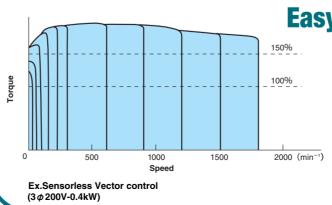




General-purpose Toshiba inverters have been developed for "Compliance with Global Standards." The three main series: the three-phase 200V, single-phase 200V and single-phase 100V series, comply with major international standards in addition, several series of European models with a built-in EMI noise filter are also available. All of them have a wide range of

### **■**Models and applicable motors





## **Easy to Set Up and Operate**

Even novice inverter users can operate the VF-nC1 without difficulty by using the RUN and STOP keys and the frequency adjusting knob on the operation panel. The design also allows most functions be controlled from the input terminals. A wizard function helps users with complicated settings. Other functions, which allow easy operation of the VF-nC1, include a vector control function (which improves the torque characteristic), a PI control function (useful for fans and pumps), and a 15-speed preset function.

### **Contents**

Panel and operation procedure ·····3
Model and standard specifications ·····5
Standard specifications/outline drawing $\cdots$ 6
Standard connection ······7
Basic and extended parameters9
To users of our inverters11
Optional external devices·····12

## **Panel and operation procedure**



Monitor display

LED (number)

LED (alphabet)

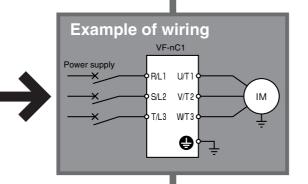
The LEDs on the operation panel display the following

 
 Mm
 Nn
 O
 o
 Pp
 Qq
 Rr
 Ss
 Tt
 Uu
 Vv
 Ww
 Xx
 Yy
 Zz
 N n 0 o P 9 r 5 L U u Y

symbols to indicate operations and parameters.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 -

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9



The following configuration is available for VFNC1(S)-

### Power ON (Set-up parameter)

When the power is ON at initialization...



PSD

0\_0

Select the logic and base motor frequency. 一三二 or

产马口

一运厂

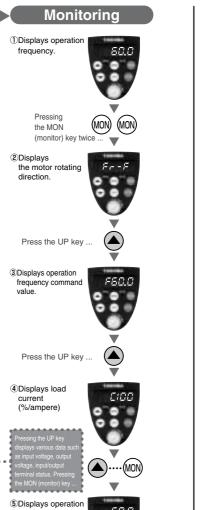
③Displays "**□.□**" during frequency setting, and 17 12 upon completion.



### Aa Bb C c Dd Ee Ff Gg H h I i Jj Kk LI Set-up parameter R b C c d E F G H h 1 , J L

Title	~ <b>5</b> 0	PS0	n <b>60</b>
F 127	0	100	0
F409/F 17 1	220(V)	220(V)	230(V)
FY17	1410(min <sup>-1</sup> )	1410(min <sup>-1</sup> )	1710(min <sup>-1</sup> )
FH.UL.UL.F 170.F204	50.0(Hz)	50.0(Hz)	60.0(Hz)

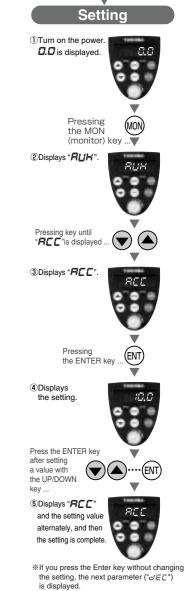
## Operation ①Turn on the power **□. □** is displayed Pressing the RUN key and turning @Operates VF-nC1 50.0 at the frequency set with the the potentiometer dia 3Changes the frequency. Pressing the STOP key . 4 Decelerates and stops the motor.



frequency

the beginning

•



Item displayed	Key operated	LED display	Description	Item displayed	Key operated	LED display	Description
		50.0	The operation frequency is displayed (during operation). (When the standard monitor display selection parameter <b>F</b> 7 1 <b>0</b> = <b>0</b> is set at 0 (operation frequency).)	Input terminal		A 11111	The ON/OFF status of each of the control signal input terminals (F, R, S1, S2, VI/S3) is displayed in bits.
Parameter setting mode	MON	RUH	The first basic parameter "History function ( <b>FUH</b> )" is displayed.				ON: {
Direction of rotation	MON	FF	The direction of rotation is displayed.  (F: forward run, F: reverse run)				VI/S3 — F R S1
Operation frequency command		F60.0	The operation frequency command value is displayed.	Output terminal	(A)	011	The ON/OFF status of each of the control signal output terminals (FM/OUT, FL) is displayed in bits.
Load current		C 80	The inverter output current is displayed. (Default setting: unit %)				ON: 1 D 1 1
Input voltage		A 100	The inverter input voltage is displayed. (Default setting: unit %)				FL FM/OU
Output voltage		P 100	The inverter output voltage is displayed. (Default setting: unit %)	CPU1 version	(A)	<u>u</u> 11	The version of the CPU1 is displayed.
Torque current		c 88	The torque current is displayed in %.	CPU2 version	( <u>A</u> )	DEB 1	The version of the CPU2 is displayed.
PI feedback	( <u>A</u> )	a 50	The PI feedback value is displayed.	Memory version		DE D :	The version of the memory mounted is displayed.
		0 30	(Unit: Hz)	Past trip 1		DE3 ⇔ 1	The past trip 1 (displayed alternately at 0.5-sec. intervals
Inverter load factor		L 80	The inverter load factor is displayed in %.	Past trip 2		DH ⇔2	The past trip 2 (displayed alternately at 0.5-sec. intervals
Output power		H 80	The inverter output power is displayed in %.	Past trip 3	<u> </u>	<i>DP3</i> ⇔3	The past trip 3 (displayed alternately at 0.5-sec. intervals
Operation frequency		-50.0	The operation frequency is displayed (during operation).	Past trip 4		nErr + 4	The past trip 4 (displayed alternately at 0.5-sec. intervals
				Cumulative operation time	<u> </u>	E 0.10	The cumulative operation time is displayed. (0.01 corresponds to 1 hour.)

Item displayed	Key operated	LED display	Description
Input terminal	•	A មេប	The ON/OFF status of each of the control signal input terminals (F, R, S1, S2, VI/S3) is displayed in bits.  ON:  OFF:  VI/S3  R  R  S1
Output terminal		0 11	The ON/OFF status of each of the control signal output terminals (FM/OUT, FL) is displayed in bits.  ON: 1  OFF: 1  FL  FM/OUT
CPU1 version		<u>u</u> 11	The version of the CPU1 is displayed.
CPU2 version		ueB (	The version of the CPU2 is displayed.
Memory version		SEB :	The version of the memory mounted is displayed.
Past trip 1		DE3 ⇔ :	The past trip 1 (displayed alternately at 0.5-sec. intervals)
Past trip 2		OH ⇔2	The past trip 2 (displayed alternately at 0.5-sec. intervals)
Past trip 3		<i>0P3</i> ⇔3	The past trip 3 (displayed alternately at 0.5-sec. intervals)
Past trip 4		nErr⇔∀	The past trip 4 (displayed alternately at 0.5-sec. intervals)
Cumulative operation time		E 0.10	The cumulative operation time is displayed. (0.01 corresponds to 1 hour.)

Note) 1. With the current unit selection parameter or voltage unit selection parameter, you can choose between percentage and ampere (A) for current or between percentage and volt (V) for voltage, respectively.

4

## **Model and standard specifications**

### ■Three-phase 200V

	Item	Specification Specification							
	Input voltage	3-phase 200V							
	Applicable motor (kW)	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
	Туре			VF	NC1				
	Form	2001P	2002P	2004P	2007P	2015P	2022P		
ing	Capacity (kVA) Note 1)	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.9	3.9		
Rating	Rated output current (A) Note 2)	0.7	1.4	2.4	4	7.5	10.0		
	Rated output voltage Note 3)	3-phase 200V to 240V							
	Overload current rating			60 second	ds at 150%				
Power supply	Voltage-frequency	3-phase 200V to 240V - 50/60Hz							
Sup	Allowable fluctuation	Voltage +10%, -15% Note 4), frequency ±5%							
	Protective method	IP20 Enclosed type (JEM 1030)							
	Cooling method	Self-cooling Forced air-cooled							
	Color	Munsel 5Y8/0.5							
	Charge lamp		LED indicat	ing the charge status	of the capacitor in the	main circuit			

### **■1-phase 200V**

	Item	Specification							
	Input voltage			1-pha	se 200V				
	Applicable motor (kW)	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
	Туре			VFI	NC1S				
	Form	_	2002P	2004P	2007P	2015P	2022P		
ing	Capacity (kVA) Note 1)	_	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.9	3.9		
Rating	Rated output current (A) Note 2)	_	1.4	2.4	4	7.5	10.0		
	Rated output voltage Note 3)	3-phase 200V to 240V							
	Overload current rating		60 seconds at 150%						
Power supply	Voltage-frequency		1-phase 200V to 240V - 50/60Hz						
sup.	Allowable fluctuation	Voltage +10%, -15% Note 4), frequency ±5%							
	Protective method	IP20 Enclosed type (JEM 1030)							
	Cooling method	Self-cooling Forced air-cooled							
	Color	Munsel 5Y8/0.5							
	Charge lamp		LED indicat	ing the charge status	of the capacitor in the	main circuit			

### ■1-phase 100V

	Item	Specification							
	Input voltage	1-phase 100V							
	Applicable motor (kW)	0.1	0.1 0.2 0.4 0.75 1.5			1.5	2.2		
	Туре			VFN	IC1S				
	Form	1001P	1002P	1004P	1007P	_	_		
Ë	Capacity (kVA) Note 1)	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.6	_	_		
Rating	Rated output current (A) Note 2)	0.7	1.4	2.4	4	_	_		
_	Rated output voltage Note 3)								
	Overload current rating	60 seconds at 150%							
Power	Voltage-frequency	1-phase 100V to 115V - 50/60Hz							
Pov	Allowable fluctuation		Vo	oltage +10%, -15% N	ote 4), frequency ±5	%			
	Protective method	IP20 Enclosed type (JEM 1030)							
	Cooling method	Self-cooling Forced air-cooled — —							
	Color	Munsel 5Y8/0.5							
	Charge lamp	LED indicating the charge status of the capacitor in the main circuit							

### ■1-phase 200V (built-in EMI noise filter)

Item	Specification							
Input voltage	1-phase 200V (built-in EMI noise filter)   0.1							
Applicable motor (kW)	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
Туре			VFN	IC1S				
Form	_	2002PL	2004PL	2007PL	2015PL	2022PL		
Capacity (kVA) Note 1)	_	0.5	0.9	1.6	2.9	4.1		
Rated output current (A) Note 2)	_	1.2	2.3	4	7.5	10.7		
Rated output voltage Note 3)	3-phase 200V to 240V							
Overload current rating	60 seconds at 150%							
Voltage-frequency	1-phase 200V to 240V - 50/60Hz							
Allowable fluctuation	Voltage +10%, -15% Note 4), frequency ±5%							
Protective method	IP20 Enclosed type (JEM 1030)							
Cooling method	Self-cooling Forced air-cooled							
Color	Munsel 5Y8/0.5							
Charge lamp	None							
Built-in filter			EMI noise filter (EN5	5011 Group1 ClassB)				
	Input voltage Applicable motor (kW)  Type Form  Capacity (kVA) Note 1)  Rated output current (A) Note 2)  Rated output voltage Note 3)  Overload current rating  Voltage-frequency Allowable fluctuation  Protective method  Cooling method  Color  Charge lamp	Input voltage  Applicable motor (kW) 0.1  Type Form — Capacity (kVA) Note 1) —  Rated output current (A) Note 2) —  Rated output voltage Note 3)  Overload current rating  Voltage-frequency Allowable fluctuation Protective method  Cooling method  Color Charge lamp	Input voltage  Applicable motor (kW)  Type Form  Capacity (kVA) Note 1)  Rated output current (A) Note 2)  Rated output voltage Note 3)  Overload current rating  Voltage-frequency  Allowable fluctuation  Protective method  Cooling method  Color  Charge lamp	Input voltage	Input voltage	Input voltage		

Note) 1. Capacity is calculated at 220V for the 200V models.

Note) 2. Indicates rated output current setting when the PWM carrier frequency (parameter F300) is 4kHz or less.

If the PWM carrier frequency setting is fixed above 4kHz, the rated current needs to be reduced. If the PWM carrier frequency is set above 4kHz, it could fall automatically if an over-current flaws during acceleration or for any other reason, depending on the amount of current that flows.

The default setting of the PWN carrier frequency is 12kHz.

Note) 3. Maximum output voltage is the same as the input voltage. The maximum output voltage of a single-phase 100V model is proportional to the supply voltage.

With regard to 100V models, the output voltage may decrease about 10 to 20% if motor load is applied.

When operating VF-nC1 in conjunction with general purpose motor (200V), it is necessary to reduce the motor load.

Note) 4.  $\pm$ 10% when the inverter is used continuously (load of 100%).

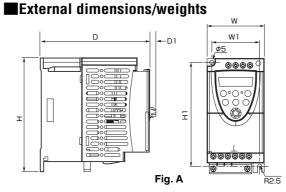
## Standard specifications/outline drawing

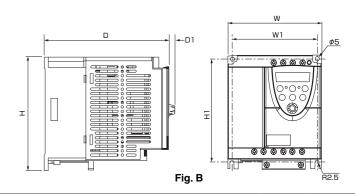
	Item	Specification					
S	Control system	Sinusoidal PWM control					
Principal control functions	Related output voltage	Adjustable of output voltage in base freguency setting by the correcting supply voltage (200V) (Unadjustable to any voltage higher than the input voltage).					
	Output frequency range	0.5 to 200Hz, default setting: 0.5 to 80Hz, maximum frequency: 30 to 200Hz.					
	Minimum setting steps of frequency	0.1Hz: operation panel setting, 0.2Hz: analog input (when the max. frequency is 100Hz).					
	Frequency accuracy	Digital setting: within $\pm 0.5\%$ of the max. frequency (-10 to $+50^{\circ}$ C) Analog setting: within $\pm 1.0\%$ of the max. frequency (25 °C $\pm$ 10°C)					
ba	Voltage/frequency characteristics	V/f, sensorless vector control, base frequency, base frequency voltage and torque boost amount adjustable					
Princi	Frequency setting signal	Volume on the front panel, external frequency volume (connectable to a volume with a rated impedance of $3-10k\Omega$ ), VI terminal (input impedance: $42k\Omega$ (voltage: $0-10Vdc$ ) or $250\Omega$ (current: $4-20mAdc$ )). The characteristic can be set arbitrarily by two-point setting.					
	Start-up frequency/frequency jump	Adjustable within a range of 0.5 to 10Hz/Up to 1 frequency can be adjusted together with their widths.					
	PWM carrier frequency	Selectable from among 2, 4, 8, 12 and 16kHz (Standard default setting: 12kHz)					
S I	Acceleration/deceleration time	0.1 to 3000 seconds, switchable between acceleration/deceleration time 1 and 2.					
icatio	Retry operation	Number of times of retry selectable (Max. 10 times).  If the protection function is activated, the retry function restarts on completion of a check of the main circuit.					
<u>=</u>	Electric control	Charging of capacitor (Deceleration time can be shortened by activating Forced Shortened Deceleration mode.)					
g l	DC braking	Braking start-up frequency: 0 to maximum frequency, braking rate: 0 to 100%, braking time: 0 to 20 seconds.					
Operation specifications	Input terminal functions (selectable)	Forward/reverse run input signal, jog run input signal, standby signal, preset-speed operation input signal, reset input signal, etc. between sink/source.					
Opera	Output terminal functions (selectable)	Frequency lower limit output signal, frequency upper limit output signal, low-speed detection output signal, specified speed attainment output signal, etc. Open collector, RY output.					
	Failure detection signal	1c-contact output: 250Vac/2A, cos Φ = 0.4					
	Output for frequency meter/ output for ammeter	PWM output: (1mAdc full-scale DC ammeter or 7.5Vdc full-scale DC ammeter/Rectifier-type AC voltmeter, 225% current Max. 1mAdc, 7.5Vdc full-scale)					
Protective function	Protective function	Stall prevention, current limitation, over-current, output short circuit, over-voltage, over-voltage limitation, undervoltage, ground fault, power supply phase failure, output phase failure overload protection by electronic thermal function, armature over-load at start-up, load-side over-torque at start, overheating prevention, detection of analog signal break.					
5 5 E	Protection against momentary power failure	Auto-restart/non-stop control after momentary power failure.					
문교	Electronic thermal characteristics	Switching between standard motor/constant-torque VF motor, overload trip, overload stall selection.					
Display function	4-digit 7-segments LED	Frequency: inverter output frequency.  Alarm: stall alarm "C", overvoltage alarm "P", overload alarm "L", overheat alarm "H".  Status: inverter status (frequency, cause of activation of protective function, input/output voltage, output current, etc.) and parameter settings.  Free-unit display: arbitrary unit (e.g. rotating speed) corresponding to output frequency.					
	Indicator	Lamps indicating the inverter status by lighting, such as RUN lamp and PRG lamp.					
۲	Use environments	Indoor, altitude: 1000m (Max.), not exposed to direct sunlight, corrosive gas, explosive gas or vibration (less than 5.9m/s2) (10 to 55Hz).					
or str	Ambient temperature	-10 to 50°C Note)1.2					
Environ- ments	Storage temperature	-20 to +65°C					
ш	Relative humidity	20 to 93% (free from condensation and vapor).					

Note) 1. Above 40°C: Remove the protective seal from the top of VF-nC1.

Note) 2. Side-by-side installation: 40°C or less (Remove the protective seal from the top of VF-nC1).

**\_**e. ... . , ...





Input voltage	Applicable motor	Туре	Dimensions (mm)							Approx. weight
iliput voltage	(kW)	Турс	W	Н	D	W1	H1	D1	Drawing	(kg)
	0.2	VFNC1S-2002P			100				А	1.0
	0.4	VFNC1S-2004P	72		124	60				1.0
1-phase 200V	0.75	VFNC1S-2007P			137	]				1.0
	1.5	VFNC1S-2015P	447	]	455	100	]		В	1.5
	2.2	VFNC1S-2022P	117		155	106				1.5
	0.1	VFNC1-2001P			100					1.0
	0.2	VFNC1-2002P	70		100		131	8.5	А	1.0
2 mhana 200\/	0.4	VFNC1-2004P	72		124	60				1.0
3-phase 200V	0.75	VFNC1-2007P			137	1				1.0
	1.5	VFNC1-2015P		140	455	106			В	1.5
	2.2	VFNC1-2022P	117	117 142	155					1.5
	0.1	VFNC1S-1001P	72	]	100	60			А	1.0
1 mbass 100V	0.2	VFNC1S-1002P			100					1.0
1-phase 100V	0.4	VFNC1S-1004P			124	1				1.0
	0.75	VFNC1S-1007P	117	]	155	106	]		В	1.5
	0.2	VFNC1S-2002PL		]	100		]			1.0
1-phase 200V	0.4	VFNC1S-2004PL	72		124	60			A	1.0
(built-in EMI noise filter)	0.75	VFNC1S-2007PL			137	]				1.0
(Dunit-in Limi Hoise Hiter)	1.5	VFNC1S-2015PL		]	455	100			В	1.5
	2.2	VFNC1S-2022PL	117		155	106	,		8	1.5
						-				

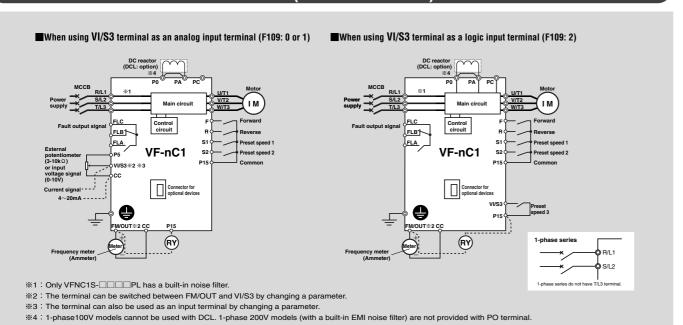
## **Standard connection**

\$2: The terminal can be switched between FM/OUT and VI/S3 by changing a parameter \$3: The terminal can also be used as an input terminal by changing a parameter.

### Standard connection Sink (common = CC) ■When using VI/S3 terminal as an analog input terminal (F109: 0 or 1) ■When using VI/S3 terminal as a logic input terminal (F109: 2) Control circuit Control circuit FLB |FLB FLA\_ VF-nC1 potention (3-10kΩ) or input VI/S3%2 %3 Current signal 4~20mA-VI/S3%2 %3 FM/OUT \*2 CC FM/OUT \*2 CC RY (RY) ) S/L2 ※1 : Only VFNC1S-□□□□PL has a built-in noise filter.

### Source (common = P15)

\*\*4 : To use VI/S3 terminal as an input terminal, P15 and VI/S3 must be short-circuited with a resistor (recommended resistance: 4.7kΩ-1/4W). \*\*5 : 1-phase 100V models cannot be used with DCL. 1-phase 200V models (with a built-in EMI noise filter) are not provided with PO terminal.



### ■ Main circuit

- main on our	
Terminal symbol	Terminal function
<u></u>	Grounding terminal for connecting inverter case. 2 grounding terminals.
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	100V class: 1-phase 100V to 115V - 50/60Hz 200V class: 1-phase 200V to 240V - 50/60Hz, 3-phase 200V to 240V - 50/60Hz %1-phase series have R/L1 and S/L2 terminals.
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	Connect to a (3-phase induction) motor.
PC	This is a negative potential terminal in the internal DC main circuit.
PO, PA	Terminals for connecting a DC reactor (DCL: optional external device). Shorted when shipped from the factory. Before installing DCL remove the short bar. 1-phase 100V models cannot be used with DC reactors. 1-phase 200V models with a built-in EMI noise filter are not provided with PO terminal.

### ■Control circuit terminal (Sink (common: CC))

			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Terminal symbol	Input/output		Function	Specifications	Wire size
F	Input	_ 0 +	Shorting across F-CC causes forward rotation; open causes slowdown and stop. (ST and CC are short-circuited.)		
R	Input	Multifunction programmable contact input	Shorting across R-CC causes reverse rotation; open causes slowdown and stop. (ST and CC are short-circuited.)  * Shorting across R-CC/F-CC causes reverse rotation.	Dry contact input 15Vdc - 5mA or less Sink/source selectable	
S1	Input	Aulti	Shorting across S1-CC causes preset speed operation.	by changing a parameter	
S2	Input	250	Shorting across S2-CC causes preset speed operation.		
СС	Common to input/output	Contr	ol circuit's equipotential terminal.		
P5	Output	Powe	r output for analog input setting.	5Vdc (permissible load current: 10mAdc)	Solid wire: 0.3 to 1.5 (mm²)
VI/S3	Input	Stand Possi	unction programmable analog input. lard default setting: Analog input 0-10Vdc and frequency 0-80Hz. ble to use as analog input (4 (0)-20mAdc) or contact input (programmable ct input) by changing a parameter.	10Vdc: (internal impedance: $42k\Omega$ ) 4-20mA: (internal impedance: $250\Omega$ )	Stranded wire: 0.3 to 1.25 (mm²) (AWG22 to 16) Sheath strip length: 5 (mm)
FM/OUT	Output	Multifunction programmable meter output. Standard default setting: output frequency.  Meters connectable to FM/OUT: 1mAdc full-scale ammeter or 7.5Vdc (10Vdc) full-scale voltmeter (PWM output).  Possible to switch to programmable open collector output by changing a parameter.		1mA full-scale DC ammeter or 7.5Vdc (10Vdc) full-scale DC voltmeter Open collector output: 24Vdc-50mA	
P15	Output	15Vd	c power output.	15Vdc-100mA	
FLA FLB FLC	Output	Conta Stand	unction programmable relay contact output. ct ratings: 250Vac - 2A (cosΦ=1), 30Vdc - 1A, 250Vac - 1A (cosΦ=0.4). ard default setting: Monitoring of status of inverter's protection function. Activation protection function causes circuit FLA-FLC to close and circuit FLB-FLC to open.	250Vac-2A (cos Φ=1): at resistance load 30Vdc-1A 250Vac-1A (cos Φ=0.4)	Solid wire: 0.3 to 1.5 (mm²) Stranded wire: 0.3 to 1.5 (mm²) (AWG22 to 16) Sheath strip length: 6 (mm)

### ■Selection of wiring devices

Voltage	Capacity applicable Inverter model	Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)	Magnetic contactor (MC) Note 1)	Wire size			
class	motor (kW)	inverter model	Rated current (A)	Rated current (A)	Main circuit Note 2)	DCL	Grounding cable Note 4)
	0.1	VFNC1S-1001P	5	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	_	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
1-phase	0.2	VFNC1S-1002P	10	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	_	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
100V class	0.4	VFNC1S-1004P	15	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	_	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	0.75	VFNC1S-1007P	30	18	AWG14/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>	_	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	0.2	VFNC1S-2002P (L)	10	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG16/1.25mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
4	0.4	VFNC1S-2004P (L)	15	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG16/1.25mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
1-phase 200V class	0.75	VFNC1S-2007P (L)	20	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	1.5	VFNC1S-2015P (L)	30	18	AWG10/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	2.2	VFNC1S-2022P (L)	40	35	AWG10/5.5mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG10/5.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	0.1	VFNC1-2001P	5	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG16/1.25mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	0.2	VFNC1-2002P	5	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG16/1.25mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
3-phase	0.4	VFNC1-2004P	5	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG16/1.25mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
200V class	0.75	VFNC1-2007P	10	11	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	1.5	VFNC1-2015P	15	11	AWG10/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>
	2.2	VFNC1-2022P	20	13	AWG10/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG14/2.0mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG12/3.5mm <sup>2</sup>

Note) 1. Be sure to attach surge killer to the exciting coil of the relay and the magnetic contactor.

Note) 2. Size of the wires connected to the input terminals R, S and T and the output terminals U, V

te) 2. Size of the wires connected to the input terminals R, S and T and the output terminals U, V and W when the length of each wire does not exceed 30m.

Note) 3. For the control circuit, use shielded wires.

Note) 4. For grounding, use a cable with a size equal to or larger than the above.

## **Basic and extended parameters**

Title	Function		Adjustm	ent range		Default setti
ЯИН	History function	into one	n of displaying 5 e in the order of o meters can be e	hange		
RUF	Wizard function	2: Pre 3: Ana 4: Mot	sic setting wiz set speed op alog signal op tor 1/2 switch que up wizard	eration wiz eration wiz ing operati	ard	0
בחסא	Command mode selection	0: Teri	minal board	1: Operatio	n panel	1
FNOd	Frequency setting mode selection	1: Ope 2: Inter 3: Seri	ninal board eration panel rnal potentiom al communicat ninal board/inte	ion	switching	2
FNSL	FM/OUT terminal functions selection	0: Outp 1: Outp 2: Set 3: For 4: For 5: For	en collector ou put frequency put current frequency adjustment (cu adjustment (ou adjustment (di	rrent fixed a	t 50%) frequency)	0
FΠ	Meter adjustment	_				_
ЬУP	Standard setting mode selection	2: Set 3: Defa 4: Trip	at 50Hz at 60Hz ault setting clear nulative oper	ation time (	clear	0
Fr	Forward/reverse selection (Operation panel)	0: Fon	ward run 1: F	Reverse rur	1	0
ACC	Acceleration time 1 (s)	0.1-3	000(s)			10.0
dEC	Deceleration time 1 (s)	0.1-3	000(s)			10.0
FH	Maximum frequency (Hz)	30.0-	-200 (Hz)			*2
UL	Upper limit frequency (Hz)	0.5-	F <b>H</b> (Hz)			*2
LL	Lower limit frequency (Hz)	0.0-	UL (Hz)			0.0
υL	Base frequency 1 (Hz)	25-20	00 (Hz)			*2
PE	V/f control mode selection	0 (1.2) 3: Sen	): V/f nsorless vector	or control		0
пÞ	Torque boost 1 (%)	0.0-3	10.0 (%)			*3
<b>EH</b> r	Motor thermal protection level 1 (%)	30-10	00 (%)			100
		Setting		Overload protection	Overload stall	
		0	_	0	×	
		2	Standard motor	motor	×	
OLA	Electric thermal protection characteristics *4	3		×	0	
		4		0	×	0
		5	VF motor	0	0	
		6	VI IIIOIOI	×	×	
		7		×	0	
Sr 1	Preset speed operation frequencies 1 (Hz)	LL-	- <b>UL</b> (Hz)	•		0.0
Sr2	Preset speed operation frequencies 2 (Hz)	LL-	- <b>LJL</b> (Hz)			0.0
Sr 3	Preset speed operation frequencies 3 (Hz)	LL-	- <b>UL</b> (Hz)			0.0
Sry	Preset speed operation frequencies 4 (Hz)	LL-	- <b>UL</b> (Hz)			0.0
SrS	Preset speed operation frequencies 5 (Hz)	LL-	- <b>UL</b> (Hz)			0.0
Sr6	Preset speed operation frequencies 6 (Hz)	LL-	- <b>UL</b> (Hz)			0.0
Sr 7	Preset speed operation frequencies 7 (Hz)	LL-	- <b>UL</b> (Hz)			0.0
F	Extended parameter		-			_
Gr U	Search for changed settings	_	-			_

Extended	parameters
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Title	Function	Adjustment range	Default setting
F 100	Low speed signal output frequency (Hz)	0.6- <b>FH</b> (Hz)	0.6
F 10 1	Speed-reach setting frequency (Hz)	0.0- <b>FH</b> (Hz)	0.0
F 109	Analog input/logic input function selection (VI/S3)	0:Voltage signal input (0-5or10V) 1:Current signal input (4-20mA) 2:Contact input	0
F 1 10	Always active function selection	0-40, 49, 54-57	1 (ST)
F 111	Input terminal selection 1 (F)	0-40, 49, 54-57	2 (F)
F 1 12	Input terminal selection 2 (R)	0-40, 49, 54-57	3 (R)
F 1 13	Input terminal selection 3 (S1)	0-40, 49, 54-57	6 (SS1
F 1 14	Input terminal selection 4 (S2)	0-40, 49, 54-57	7 (SS2
F 1 15	Input terminal selection 5 (VI/S3) *5	5~17	8 (SS3
F 127	Sink/Source selection	0:Sink, 100:Source, 1-99, 101-200:Disabled	*2
F 130	Output terminal selection 1 (FM/OUT) *6	0-13	4 (LOW
F 132	Output terminal selection 3 (FL)	0-13	10 (FL)
פרו F	Base frequency 2 (Hz)	25-200 (Hz)	*2
F 17 1	Base frequency voltage 2 (V)	50-500 (V)	*2
F 172	Torque boost 2 (%)	0.0-30.0 (%)	*1
F 173	Motor thermal protection level 2 (%)	30-100(%)	100

### Frequency parameters

• · · · · · · · · ·	one, parameters		
Title	Function	Adjustment range	Default setting
F20 1	VI/S3 reference point 1 setting (%)	0-100(%)	0
F202	VI/S3 point 1 frequency (Hz)	0-200 (Hz)	0.0
F203	VI/S3 reference point 2 setting (%)	0-100(%)	100
F204	VI/S3 point 2 frequency (Hz)	0-200 (Hz)	*2
F240	Starting frequency setting (Hz)	0.5-10.0 (Hz)	0.5
F24 1	Operation starting frequency (Hz)	0.0- <b>FH</b> (Hz)	0.0
F242	Operation starting frequency hysteresis (Hz)	0.0- <b>FH</b> (Hz)	0.0
F250	DC braking starting frequency (Hz)	0.0 (OFF), 0.1- <b>FH</b> (Hz)	0.0
F25 1	DC braking current (%)	0.0, 1-100(%)	50
F252	DC braking time (s)	0.0 (OFF), 0.1-20 (s)	1.0
F270	Jump frequency (Hz)	LL - UL(Hz)	0.0
F271	Jumping width (Hz)	0.0-30.0 (Hz)	0.0
F287	Preset speed operation frequencies 8 (Hz)	LL - UL(Hz)	0.0
F288	Preset speed operation frequencies 9 (Hz)	LL – UL(Hz)	0.0
F289	Preset speed operation frequencies 10 (Hz)	LL - UL(Hz)	0.0
F290	Preset speed operation frequencies 11 (Hz)	LL - UL(Hz)	0.0
F29 1	Preset speed operation frequencies 12 (Hz)	LL - UL(Hz)	0.0
F292	Preset speed operation frequencies 13 (Hz)	LL - UL(Hz)	0.0
F293	Preset speed operation frequencies 14(Hz)	LL - UL(Hz)	0.0
F294	Preset speed operation frequencies 15 (Hz)	LL - UL(Hz)	0.0

### Operation mode parameters

Title	Function	Adjustment range	Default setting
F300	PWM carrier frequency	0: 2kHz 1: 2kHz (Random mode) 2: 4kHz 3: 4kHz (Random mode) 4: 8kHz (auto-reduction mode) 5: 12kHz (auto-reduction mode) 6: 16kHz (auto-reduction mode)	5
F30 !	Auto-restart control selection	0: Disabled 1: At auto-restart after momentary stop 2: When turning ST-CC on or off 3: At auto-restart after momentary stop or when turning ST-CC on or off	0
F302	Regenerative power ride-though control	0: Disabled 1: Enabled 2: Deceleration stop	0
F303	Retry selection (Number of times)	0 (OFF), 1 - 10	0
F305	Over voltage limit opertion	0: Disabled 1: Enabled 2: Enabled (forced shortened deceleration)	0
F360	PI control	0: Disabled, 1: Enabled	0
F362	Proportional (P) gain	0.01-100.0	0.30
F363	Integral (I) gain	0.01-100.0	0.20

### ●Torque boost parameters

Title	Function	Adjustment range	Default setting
F40 1	Slip frequency gain	0-150(%)	50
F409	Base frequency voltage 1 (V)	50-500 (V)	*2
F4 15	Motor rated current	0.1-50.0 (A)	*3
F4 16	Motor no-load current	30-80(%)	*3
F4 17	Motor rated speed	100-12000 (min <sup>-1</sup> )	*2
F4 18	Speed control gain	0-100(%)	40
F4 19	Speed control stable coefficient	0-100(%)	20
בי רח	Speed Control Stable Coefficient	U=100 (%)	20

### Acceleration/deceleration time parameters

_	•	•	
Title	Function	Adjustment range	Default setting
F500	Acceleration time 2 (s)	0.1-3000(s)	10.0
FS0 1	Deceleration time 2 (s)	0.1-3000(s)	10.0
FSOS	Acceleration/deceleration 1 and 2 switching frequency	0- <b>UL</b> (Hz)	0.0

### Protection parameters

Title	Function	Adjustment range	Default settir
F60 t	Stall prevention level	30-199 (%) 200 ( disabled)	150
F602	Inverter trip retention selection	0: Not retained, 1: Retained	0
F603	External input trip stop mode selection	0: Coast stop 1: Slowdown stop 2: Emergency DC braking	0
F60S	Output phase failure detection mode selection	Disabled     Selected (Output open-phase is checked when operation is started for the first time after power is turned on.)     Selected (Output open-phase is checked each time operation is started.)	0
F607	Motor 150%-overload time limit	10-800(s)	300
F608	Input phase failure detection mode selection	0: Disabled, 1: Enabled	1
F6 16	Over-torque alarm level	0-200(%)	150
F6 18	Over-torque detection time	0.0-10(s)	0.5
F627	Under voltage trip selection	0: Disabled 1: Enabled (64% or less: Trip, FL relay activated) 2: Disabled (50% or less: Trip, FL relay not activated)	0
F633	Analog input disconnection detection	0 (Disabled), 1-100 (%)	0

### Operation panel parameters

Title	Function	Adjustment range	Default setting
F700	Prohibition of change parameter setting	O: Permitted (CNDd , FNDd cannot be changed during operation.) I: Prohibited 2: Permitted (CNDd , FNDd also can be changed during operation) 3: Prohibited (except for panel frequency setting.) 4: 0 & panel emergency stop prohibited 5: 1 & panel emergency stop prohibited 6: 2 & panel emergency stop prohibited 7: 3 & panel emergency stop prohibited 7: 3 & panel emergency stop prohibited	0
F701	Unit selection	0: %, H z 1: %→A/V 2: Free unit selection enabled ( F702) 3: %→A/V, Free unit selection enabled (F702)	0
F702	Frequency units selection	0.01-200.0	1.00
F7 10	Monitor display selection	0: Operation frequency (Hz/free unit) 1: Frequency command (Hz/free unit) 2: Output current (%/A)	0

### Communication parameters

			Default setting
F800	Communication baud rate	0:1200bps 1:2400bps 2:4800bps 3:9600bps 4:19200bps	3
F80 1	Parity	0:NON (non-parity) 1:EVEN (even parity) 2:ODD (odd parity)	1
F802	Inverter number	0-99	0
F803	Communication error trip time	0 (Disabled), 1-100 (s)	0
F880	Free notes	0-65535	0

### Factory setting

Title	Function	Adjustment range	Default setting
F990	For factory setting	-	_

inction No.	Code	Function	Action					
0		No function is assigned	No action					
1	ST	Standby terminal	ON: Standby, OFF: Free run					
2	F	Forward-run command	ON: Forward run, OFF: Deceleration sto					
3	R	Reverse-run command	ON: Reverse run, OFF: Deceleration stop (priority to reverse r					
4	JOG	Jog run command	ON: Jog run, OFF: Canceled					
5	AD2	Acceleration/deceleration 2 pattern selection	ON: Acceleration/deceleration 2, OFF: Acceleration/decelerat					
6	SS1	Preset speed command 1	OTT / BOOK BLOT GOOD BLOT E, OTT / BOOK BLOT GOOD BLOT					
7	SS2	Preset speed command 2	Coloction of propert appeads (up to 15 appea					
8	SS3	Preset speed command 3	Selection of preset speeds (up to 15 speed using 4 bits: SS1 to SS4					
9	SS4	Preset speed command 4	3					
10	RST	Reset command	ON→ OFF: Trip reset					
11	EXT	Trip stop command from external input device	ON: <b>E</b> Trip stop					
12	PNL/TB	Operation panel/terminal board switching	ON: Forced switching from operation par internal volume to terminal board control					
13	DB	DC braking command	ON: DC braking					
14	PI	Prohibition of PI control	ON: PI control prohibited, OFF: PI control permi					
15	PWENE	Permission of parameter editing	ON: Edition of parameters permitted, OFF: Edition of parameter prohibited					
16	ST+RST	Combination of standby and reset commands	ON: Simultaneous input of ST and RST comma					
17	ST+PNL/TB	Combination of standby and operation panel/terminal board switching	ON: Simultaneous input of ST and PNL/TB comma					
18	F+JOG	Combination of forward run and jog run	ON: Simultaneous input of F and JOG commar					
19	R+JOG	Combination of reverse run and jog run	ON: Simultaneous input of R and JOG comma					
20	F+AD 2	Combination of forward run and acceleration/deceleration 2	ON: Simultaneous input of F and AD2 commar					
21	R+AD 2	Combination of reverse run and acceleration/deceleration 2	ON: Simultaneous input of R and AD2 commar					
22	F+SS 1	Combination of forward run and preset-speed command 1	ON: Simultaneous input of F and SS1 comman					
23	R+SS 1	Combination of reverse run and preset-speed command 1	ON: Simultaneous input of R and SS1 commar					
24	F+SS 2	Combination of forward run and preset-speed command 2	ON: Simultaneous input of F and SS2 comman					
25	R+SS 2	Combination of reverse run and preset-speed command 2	ON: Simultaneous input of R and SS2 commar					
26	F+SS 3	Combination of forward run and preset-speed command 3	ON: Simultaneous input of F and SS3 comman					
27	R+SS 3	Combination of reverse run and preset-speed command 3	ON: Simultaneous input of R and SS3 commar					
28	F+SS 4	Combination of forward run and preset-speed command 4	ON: Simultaneous input of F and SS4 comman					
29	R+SS 4	Combination of reverse run and preset-speed command 4	ON: Simultaneous input of R and SS4 commar					
30	F+SS1+AD2	Combination of forward run, preset-speed command 1 and acceleration/deceleration 2	ON: Simultaneous input of F, SS1 and AD2 comman					
31	R+SS1+AD 2	Combination of reverse run, preset-speed command 1 and acceleration/deceleration 2	ON: Simultaneous input of R, SS1 and AD2 commar					
32	F+SS 2 +AD 2	Combination of forward run, preset-speed command 2 and acceleration/deceleration 2	ON: Simultaneous input of F, SS2 and AD2 comman ON: Simultaneous input of R, SS2 and AD2 comman					
33	R+SS 2 +AD 2	Combination of reverse run, preset-speed command 2 and acceleration/deceleration 2						
34	F+SS 3 +AD 2 R+SS 3 +AD 2	Combination of forward run, preset-speed command 3 and acceleration/deceleration 2	ON: Simultaneous input of F, SS3 and AD2 comman ON: Simultaneous input of R, SS3 and AD2 comman					
36	F+SS 4 +AD 2	Combination of reverse run, preset-speed command 3 and acceleration/deceleration 2	ON: Simultaneous input of F, SS4 and AD2 comman					
37	R+SS 4 +AD 2	Combination of forward run, preset-speed command 4 and acceleration deceleration 2  Combination of management acceleration and acceleration deceleration 2	ON: Simultaneous input of P, SS4 and AD2 comman					
		Combination of reverse run, preset-speed command 4 and acceleration (deceleration 2	Enabled if FMOd = 4 (selectable between terminal board and					
38	FCHG	Frequency command forced switching	operation panel/internal volume) ON: VI terminal, OFF: Internal volume ON: No.2 thermal					
39	THR 2	No.2 thermal switching	(PE:0, F 170, F 171, F 172, F 17 OFF: No.1 thermal (PE:Setting, UL, FY09, Ub, EHR					
40	мснд	No.2 motor switching	ON: No.2 motor (PE:0, F 170, F 17 1, F 172, F 1 FS00, FS0 1) OFF: No.1 motor (PE:Setting, JL, FY09, JB, EHr., JEC)					
49	HD	Operation holding (stop of 3-wire operation)	ON: F(forward run) / R(reverse run) hold.3-wire ope OFF: Slowdown stop					
54	FreeRun	Standby (inversion)	ON: Free run, OFF: Standby					
55	RSTN	Reset signal (inversion)	OFF→ON: Trip reset					
56	F+ST	Combination of forward run and standby commands	ON: Simultaneous input of F and ST comman					
57	R+ST	Combination of reverse run and standby commands	ON: Simultaneous input of R and ST command					

Output terminal functions									
unction	Code	Function	Action						

Code	Function	Action						
LL	Frequency lower limit	ON: Output frequency higher than LL setting OFF: Output frequency equal to or lower than LL set						
LLN	Inversion of frequency lower limit	Inverse output of LL						
UL	Frequency upper limit	ON: Output frequency equal to or higher than <b>UL</b> setting OFF: Output frequency lower than <b>UL</b> setting						
ULN	Inversion of frequency upper limit	Inverse output of UL						
LOW	Low-speed detection signal	ON: Output frequency equal to or higher than <b>F</b> 100 setting OFF: Output frequency lower than <b>F</b> 100 setting						
LOWN	Inversion of low-speed detection signal	Inverse output of LOW						
RCH	Designated frequency reach signal (completion of acceleration/deceleration)	ON: Output frequency within command frequency ±2.5Hz OFF: Output frequency exceeding command frequency ±2.5Hz						
RCHN	Inversion of designated frequency reach signal (inversion of completion of acceleration/deceleration)	Inverse output of RCH						
RCHF Set frequency reach signal		ON: Output frequency within <b>F</b> 10 1 setting ±2.5Hz OFF: Output frequency exceeding <b>F</b> 10 1 setting ±2.5Hz						
RCHFN	Inversion of set frequency reach signal	Inverse output of RCHF						
FL	Failure FL (trip output)	ON: Inverter trips						
FLN	Inversion of failure FL (inversion of trip output)	Inverse output of FL						
ОТ	Over-torque detection	ON: Torque current is held above the torque set with <b>F5 15</b> for a period of time longer than that set with <b>F5 18</b> .						
OTN	Inversion of over-torque detection	Inverse output of OT						
	LL LLN UL ULN LOW LOWN RCH RCHN RCHF RCHFN FL FLN OT	LL Frequency lower limit  LLN Inversion of frequency lower limit  UL Frequency upper limit  ULN Inversion of frequency upper limit  LOW Low-speed detection signal  LOWN Inversion of low-speed detection signal  RCH Designated frequency reach signal  (completion of acceleration/deceleration)  RCHN Inversion of designated frequency reach signal  (inversion of completion of acceleration/deceleration)  RCHF Set frequency reach signal  RCHFN Inversion of set frequency reach signal  FL Failure FL (trip output)  FLN Inversion of failure FL (inversion of trip output)  OT Over-torque detection						



### To users of our inverters

## Optional external devices

### When studying how to use our inverters

### Notes

### Leakage current

The amount of leakage current could increase to some extent, depending on the way the inverter is grounded. To prevent current leakage:

- (1) Use an ELCB free of higher harmonic waves.
- (2) When connecting multiple inverters to the same ELCB, use an ELCB with high current sensitivity.
- (3) Connect the inverter to a motor, using a cable as short as possible.
- (4) Leakage current could increase by installing noise filter.

### VFNC1S-□□□□PL has a built-in noise filter.

### Radio interference

This inverter could cause interference with nearby audio systems. If interference occurs, its influence can be reduced by installing a noise filter (optional) on the primary side of the inverter or by shielding the cable connecting the inverter to a motor with a conduit, etc.

For further information, please contact your nearest Toshiba dealer.

### Power factor improvement capacitors

Do not install a power factor improvement capacitors on the input or output side of the inverter.

Installing a power factor improvement capacitor on the input or output side causes current containing harmonic components to flow into the capacitor, adversely affecting the capacitor itself or causing the inverter to trip. To improve the power factor, install an input AC reactor or a DC reactor (optional) on the primary side of the inverter.

### Installation of input AC reactors

These devices are used to improve the input power factor and suppress high harmonic currents and surges. Install an input AC reactor when using a VF-nC1 inverter under the following conditions:

- (1) When the power source capacity is 200kVA or more, and when it is 10 times or more great than the inverter capacity.
- (2) When the inverter is connected to the same power distribution system as a thyristor-committed control equipment.
- (3) When the inverter is connected to the same power distribution system as that of distorted wave-producing systems, such as arc furnaces and large-capacity inverters.

### Standard replacement intervals of main parts

The table below lists standard component replacement intervals under normal operating conditions (i.e., average year round ambient temperature of 30 °C, load ratio of 80% or less, average operation time of 12 hours/day). The replacement intervals do not indicates the service life of each component, but the number of years beyond which the failure rate of a component used without being replaced increases shapely because of deterioration and wear.

Component name	Standard replacement intervals	Replacement method, etc.
Cooling fan	2 to 3 years	Replaced with a new one
Smoothing capacitor	5 years	Replaced with a new one (upon examination)
Circuit breaker, relay		Decides upon examination
Fuse	10 years	Replaced with a new one
Aluminum capacitors on the printed circuit board	5 years	Replaced with a new circuit board (upon examination)

Extracted from "Periodic Inspection of General-purpose Inverters" published by the Japan Electrical Manufacturers' Association.

Note: The service life of each component greatly varies with its usage environment

### Selecting the capacity (model) of the inverter

### Selection

### Capacity

Refer to the applicable motor capacities listed in the standard specifications. When driving a high-pole motor, special motor, or multiple motors in parallel, select such an inverter that the sum of the motor rated current multiplied by 1.05 to 1.1 is less than the inverter's rated output current value.

### Acceleration/deceleration times

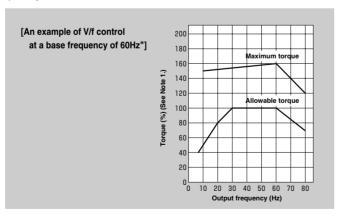
The actual acceleration and deceleration times of a motor driven by an inverter are determined by the torque and moment of inertia of the load, and can be calculated by the following equations.

The acceleration and deceleration times of an inverter can be set individually. In any case, however, they should be set longer than their respective values determined by the following equations.

Acceleration time	$ta = \frac{(JM+JL) \times \Delta N}{9.56 \times (TM-TL)} (sec.)$
Deceleration time	$ta = \frac{(JM+JL)\times\Delta N}{9.56\times(T_B+T_L)} (sec.)$
Conditions	JM: Moment of inertia of motor (kg·m²) JL: Moment of inertia of load (converted into value on motor shaft) (kg·m²) ΔN: Difference in rotating speed between before and after acc. or dce. (min⁻¹) TL: Load torque (N·m) TM: Motor rated torque × 1.2-1.3 (N·m)···V/f control : Motor rated torque × 1.5 (N·m)···Vector operation control TB: Motor rated torque × 0.2 (N·m) When a braking resistor or a braking resistor unit is used: Motor rated torque × 0.8-1.0 (N·m)

### Allowable torque characteristics

When a standard motor is combined with an inverter to perform variable speed operation, the motor temperature rises slightly higher than it normal does during commercial power supply operation. This is because the inverter output voltage has a sinusoidal (approximate) PWM waveform. In addition, the coking becomes less effective at low speed, so the torque must be reduced according to the frequency. When constant-torque operation must be performed at low speeds, use a Toshiba VF motor designed specifically for use with inverters.



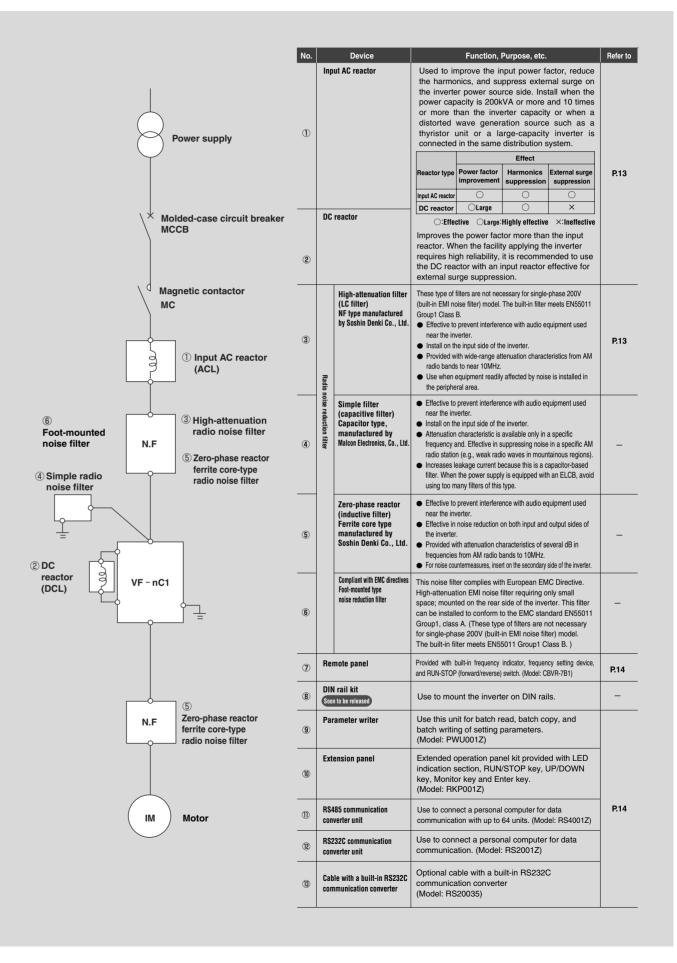
Note 1. 100% torque is based on the rotating speed of a motor operated at 60Hz. Starting torque lowers to some extent if the motor runs on commercial power. So, check the characteristic of the machine to drive.

Note 2. The allowable torque at a base frequency of 50Hz can be calculated approximately by multiplying the allowable torque at 60Hz by 0.8.

### Starting characteristics

When a motor is driven by an inverter, its operation is restricted by the inverter's overload current rating, so the starting characteristic is different from those obtained from commercial power supply operation.

Although the starting torque is smaller with an inverter than with the commercial power supply, a high starting torque can be produced at low speeds by adjusting the V/f pattern toque boost amount. (150% max., though this rate varies with the motor characteristics.) When a larger starting torque is necessary, select an inverter with a larger capacity and examine the possibility of increasing the motor capacity.



### Device Input AC reactor

(ACL)

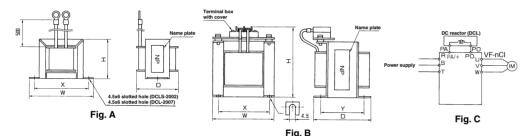
### **External dimensions and connections**

# Fig. A

Type	Dating	Investor type			Dime	nsions	Drawing	Terminals	Approx. weight				
туре	Rating	Inverter type	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Drawing	Terminais	(kg)	
PFLS2002S	1-phase 200V 2.0A-50/60Hz	VFNC1S-2002P、VFNC1S-2002PL	80	55	115	63	45	5	45		Harmonica terminal M3.5	0.85	
PFL2001S	3-phase 200V 1.7A-50/60Hz	VFNC1-2001P、VFNC1-2002P	105	65	115	90	55	5	40		Harmonica terminal M3.5	1.0	
PFL2005S	3-phase 200V 5.5A-50/60Hz	VFNC1-2004P, VFNC1-2007P, VFNC1S-2004P, VFNC1S-2004PL, VFNC1S-1001P, VFNC1S-1002P	105	65	115	90	55	5	40		Harmonica terminal M3.5	1.2	
PFL2011S	3-phase 200V 11A-50/60Hz	VFNC1-2015P, VFNC1-2022P, VFNC1S-2007P, VFNC1S-2007PL	130	70	140	115	60	5	50	А	Harmonica terminal M4	2.3	
PFL2018S	3-phase 200V 18A-50/60Hz	VFNC1S-2015P, VFNC1S-2022P, VFNC1S-2015PL, VFNC1S-2015PL, VFNC1S-1004P, VFNC1S-1007P	130	70	140	115	60	5	50		Harmonica terminal M4	2.5	

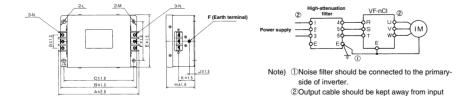
### DC reactor (DCL)

DC reactors cannot be used with any single-phase 100V or single-phase 200V model (built-in EMI noise filter). Use an input reactor.



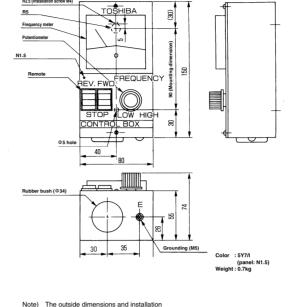
							y. D					
Туре	Rating	Investor tone			Dime	nsions	(mm)		Drawing	Terminals	Approx. weight	
	(A)	Inverter type	W	н	D	Х	Υ	d1	d2	Drawing	Terminais	(kg)
DCL-2002	2	VFNC1-2001P VFNC1-2002P	59	37	35	51					Crimp terminal V1.25 - 3.5	0.2
DCLS-2002	2.5	VFNC1S-2002P	79	50	44	66				A	Crimp terminal V1.25 - 3.5	0.6
DCL-2007	7	VFNC1-2004P VFNC1-2007P VFNC1S-2004P	92	65	70	82					Crimp terminal V2 - 3.5	1.2
DCL-2022	14	VFNC1-2015P VFNC1-2022P VFNC1S-2007P	86	110	80	71	64			В	M4	2.2
DCL-2037	22.5	VFNC1S-2015P VFNC1S-2022P	86	110	85	71	70			В	M4	2.5

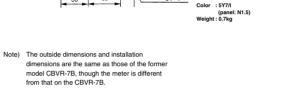
### **High-attenuation** radio noise reduction filter

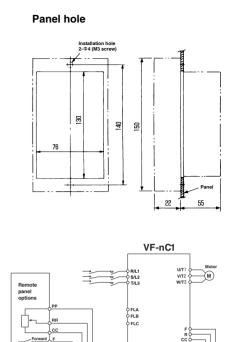


Radio noise	Rating	Inverter type Dimensions (mm)											Approx. weight		
filter type	(A)	inverter type	Α	В	С	E	F	G	E	J	K	М	N	Р	(kg)
NF3005A-MJ	5	VFNC1-2001P~2007P VFNC1S-2002P VFNC1S-1001P													1.0
NF3015A-MJ	15	VFNC1-2015P、2022P VFNC1S-2004P~2015P VFNC1S-1002P、1004P	174.5	160	145	110	80	32	70	20	45	Φ5.5	M4	M4	1.6
NF3020A-MJ	20	VFNC1S-1007P													1.0
NF3030A-MJ	30	VFNC1S-2022P	1												

### Device **External dimensions and connections** Remote panel Panel hole CBVR-7B1

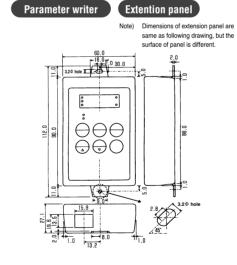






Note) The length of wire between inverter and remote panel less than 30m.

### Parameter writer Extension panel Communication Converter unit (RS485/RS232C)



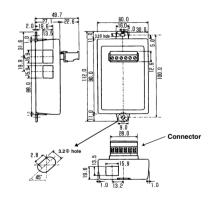
Parameter writer type: PWU001Z Parameter writer cable type: CAB0011 (1m) CAB0013 (3m) CAB0015 (5m)

Extension panel type: RKP001Z Extension panel cable type:

CAB0011 (1m) CAB0013 (3m) CAB0015 (5m)

### Communication converter unit RS485/RS232C

Note) Following is RS485 unit. Dimensions of RS232C unit are same as following, but RS232C does not have a connector.



RS485 communication converter type: RS4001Z RS232C communication converter type: RS2001Z RS485 cable type: CAB0011 (1m)

Computer cable type: CAB0025 RS232C cable type CAB0011 (1m) CAB0013 (3m) CAB0013 (3m) CAB0015 (5m)

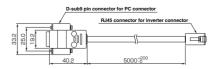
CAB0015 (5m)

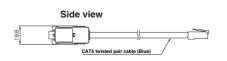
\*Supports up to 8 units. RS4001Z and RS4002Z are different in outside shape.

Type:RS20035

Cable with a built-in RS232C communication converter

### Cable with a built-in RS232C communication converter





To users of our inverters: Our inverters are designed to control the speeds of three-phase induction motors for general industry.

### Precautions

- \* Read the instruction manual before installing or operating the inverter unit and store it in a safe place for reference.
- \* When using our inverters for equipment such as nuclear power control equipment, aviation and space flight control equipment, traffic equipment, and safety equipment, and there is a risk that any failure or malfunction of the inverter could directly endanger human life or cause injury, please contact our headquarters, branch, or office printed on the front and back covers of this catalogue. Such applications must be studied carefully.
- \* When using our inverters for critical equipment, even though the inverters are manufactured under strict quality control always fit your equipment with safety devices to prevent serious accident or loss should the inverter fail (such as failure to issue an inverter trouble signal).
- \* Do not use our inverters for any load other than three-phase induction motors.
- \* None of Toshiba, its subsidiaries, affiliates or agents, shall be liable for any physical damages, including, without limitation,malfunction, anomaly, breakdown or any other problem that may occur to any apparatus in which the Toshiba inverter is incorporated or to any equipment that is used in combination with the Toshiba inverter. Nor shall Toshiba, its subsidiaries, affiliates or agents be liable for any compensatory damages resulting from such utilization, including compensation for special,indirect, incidental, consequential, punitive or exemplary damages, or for loss of profit, income or data, even if the user has been advised or apprised of the likelihood of the occurrence of such loss or damages.

For further information, please contact your nearest Toshiba Representative or International Operations-Producer Goods.

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## In Touch with Tomorrow TOSHIBA TOSHIBA CORPORATION

Overseas Sales & Marketing Department Electrical Apparatus & Measurement Division 1-1,Shibaura 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-8001,Japan

Tel.: (03)3457-4911 Fax.: (03)5444-9268

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